## **DOCUMENT FOR PUBLIC HEARING**

DOLOMITE MINING PROJECT
AT
VILLAGE CHILAI
TEHSIL WANI
DISTRICT – YAVATMAL
61.91 ha

#### **PROPONENT**

M. ABDUL KADIR M. HANIF PROP. MOHAMMADI MINERALS STATION ROAD, WARD 3 WANI 445 304

PREPARED BY

ENVIRO TECHNO CONSULT 68, MAHAKALI NAGAR-2 NEAR MANEWADA SQUARE NAGPUR 440 024

DECEMBER 2014

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### 1.0 Site:

A 61.91 ha dolomite mining lease near village Chilai in Wani tehsil of Yavatmal district has been granted by Maharashtra Government to Mr. M. Abdul Kadir M. Hanif of M/s Mohammadi Minerals (MM) for mining dolomite. Lease period is 30 years.

This is a new project and there is neither litigation nor any directions by any court or statutory authority against proposed project.

Chilai dolomite mine is about 25km from Wani town. Nearest railway station is Kayar at distance of 17 km.

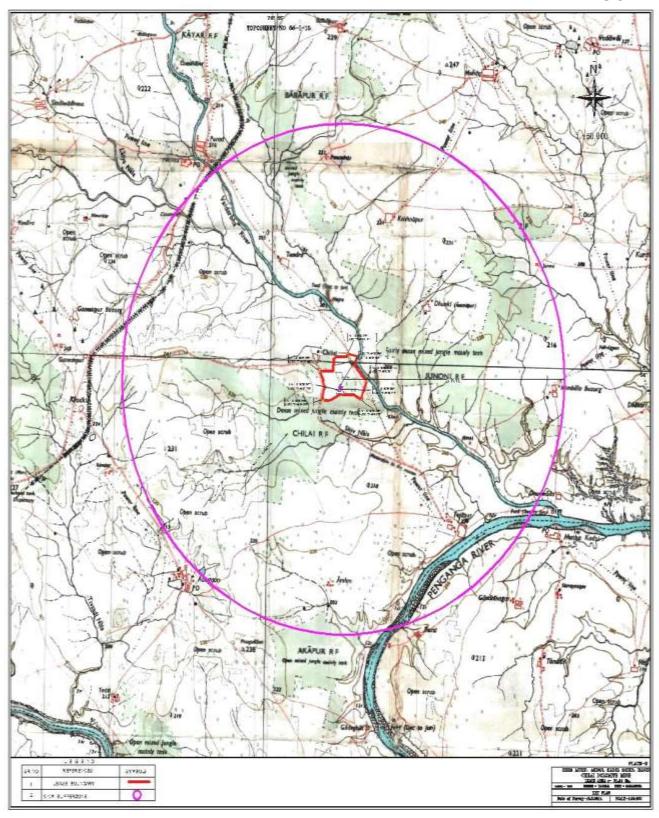
Lease latitude and longitude are respectively N 19° 49′ 39.6″ - N 19° 50′ 09.5″ & E 78° 55′ 32.6″ - E 78° 56′ 09.4″. Survey of India Topo sheet no is 56 I/13.

There are no national parks, sanctuaries, biosphere reserves, wild life corridors or reserves within 10 km. There are no critically polluted areas or archeological sites within 10 km.

Lease is a flat with gentle slope towards NE. Maximum contour is 225 m and minimum is 215 m mining plan m above MSL.

Location of lease on Survey of India topo sheet is shown in Figure 1.

## FIGURE 1



TOPO SHEET 56 I/13

Terms of reference (TOR) required for environmental impact assessment of this project and for seeking environmental clearance have been prescribed after elaborate presentation to Environment Appraisal Committee of MOEF, New Delhi during its 21st meeting on 8th July 2014.

Mining scheme for open cast mechanized extraction of dolomite @ 15,00,000 tonnes per year has been approved by DGM, Maharashtra vide letter no. STC-852/part-4/2012/3023 dated 5<sup>th</sup> November 2014.

### 2.0 Deposits & proposed mining:

Dolomite deposits at Chilai are of high quality (low silica & iron CaO-29.74 to 30.58%, MgO 20.6 to 21.05% and  $SiO_2$  0.74 to 1.72%). There are 10 potential user- industries and ready buyers within 200 km from the lease.

Total reserves - 52.27 MT; mineable reserves -51.540748 MT and stripping ratio is 1: 0.014 m<sup>3</sup>. Mine life will be 34 years at production rate 1.5 MTPA.

Mechanized open cast mining is proposed @ 1.5 MTPA. Bench height-6m; width- not less 6 m, 45 °. Dumpers & shovels will be used. Drill-holes:φ100mm & depth 6 m; spacing between holes 2.5-3 m, 10-20 holes, 3 blasts/day.

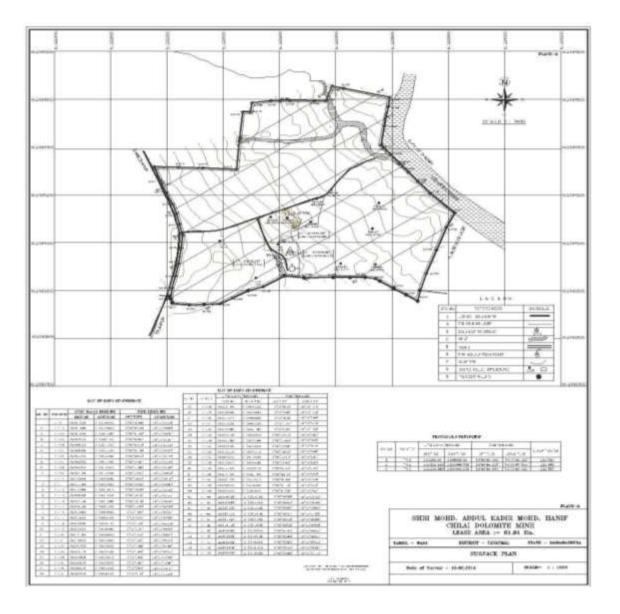
Ultimate pit depth – 36 m.

Generation of rejects/low grade material: @ 60166 T/year & soil @ 45662 m<sup>3</sup> /year.

Plant & machinery - Dumpers 25 T- 9, loaders 2.1 m<sup>3</sup> -3, Grader, water tanker,tractor,10 H.P. water pump, compressor-1 each, wagon drills-4 & Crusher 250 T/hour- 1.

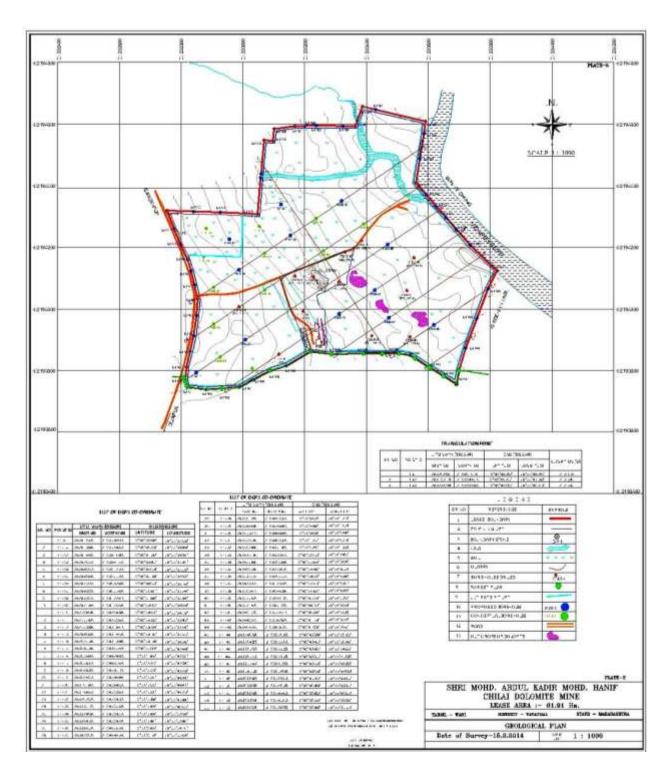
Surface plan, Geological plan & conceptual plan of the lease is given in **Figures 2-4.** 

### FIGURE 2



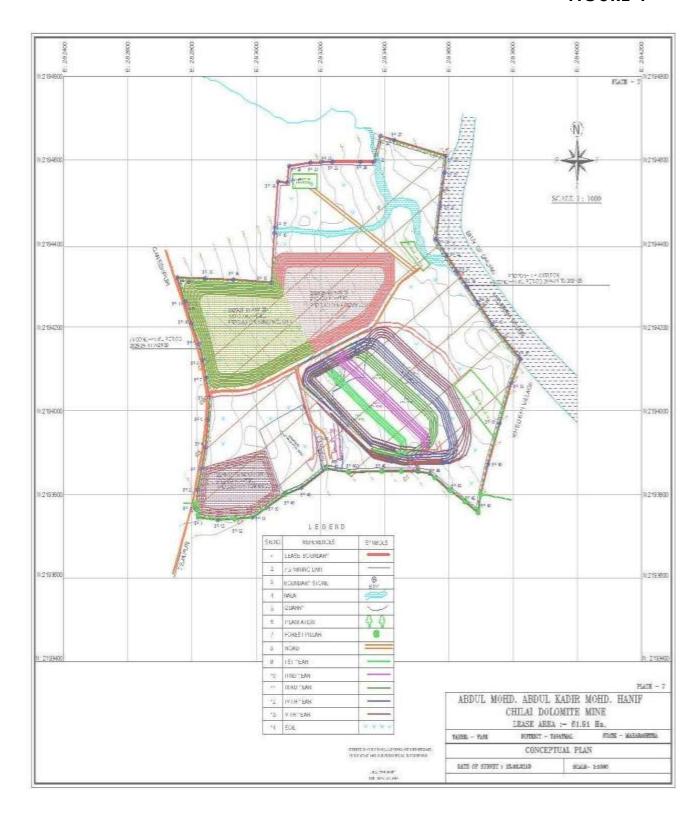
**SURFACE PLAN** 

#### FIGURE 3



**GEOLOGICAL PLAN** 

### FIGURE 4



### **CONCEPTUAL PLAN**

### 3.0 Environment monitoring:

There are no industrial activities excepting some manually operated metal quarries.

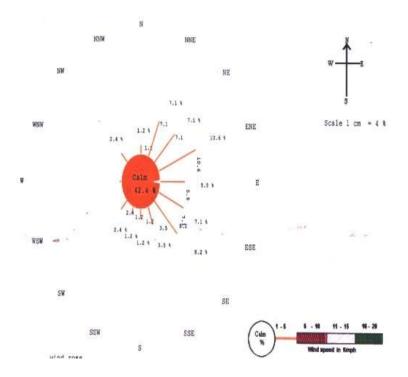
Base-line environment quality data collection for post monsoon season has been stared from October 08, 2014 and will continue till December 2014. Study area 10 km from the lease. TOR for EIA/EMP were adhered to for data collection. Information from secondary sources and government departments was collected and collated wherever justified.

### 3.1 Air quality & mitigation methods:

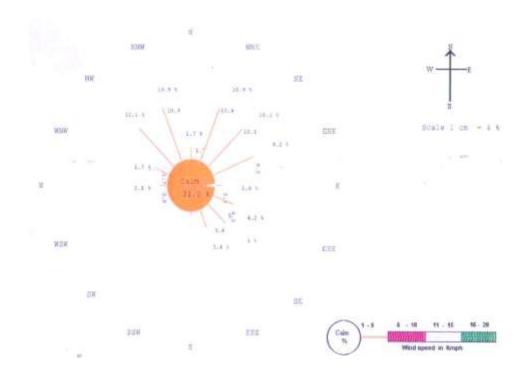
Micrometeorology data from IMD and that during monitoring was collected. Selected nine AAQ sampling stations; average wind speed - 6 km/h- 67 %, predominant wind direction- NE- 53 %, 8 %E & SE each; Gaseous pollutants  $SO_2$ , NOx, HC etc. were less than  $10 \text{ µg/m}^3$  at all stations in absence of industrial sources.

Wind rose during monitoring period is given in Figure 5.

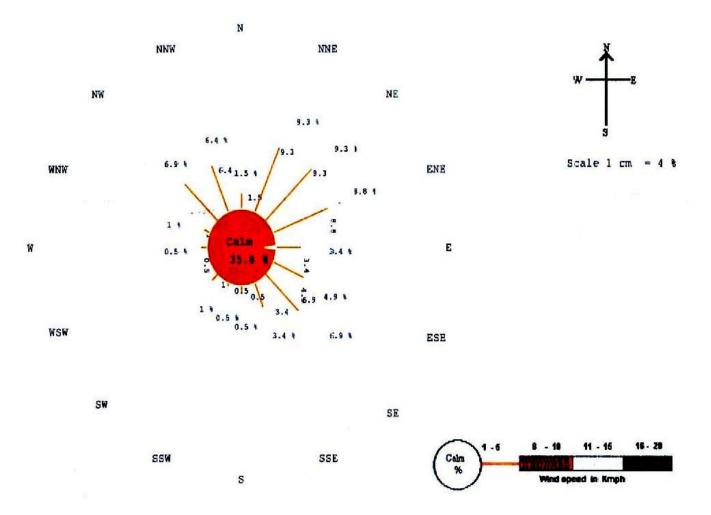
## FIGURE 5



## Wind rose during October 2014



Wind rose during November 2014 .. 8 ..



Wind rose during December 2014

# Particulate matter concentration in AAQ - $\mu g/m^3$

Sampling station		PM <sub>10</sub>	PM 2.5
Lease	Minimum	34.0	10.8
	Maximum	48.6	15.8
	Average	39.2	12.8
	98 percentile	48.0	15.6
Chilai	Minimum	30.7	10.5
	Maximum	57.6	46.5
	Average	45.9	16.5
	98 percentile	57.0	36.0
Krishnapur	Minimum	33.6	11.3
	Maximum	54.3	17.3
	Average	42.8	13.8
	98 percentile	52.2	16.9
Tundra	Minimum	20.6	7.1
	Maximum	38.6	12.5
	Average	30.5	10.1
	98 percentile	38.0	12.3
Kurai	Minimum	41.5	14.2
	Maximum	59.3	17.7
	Average	51.8	15.9
	98 percentile	59.1	17.6
Vedawai	Minimum	22.1	7.7
	Maximum	37.6	13.5
	Average	31.4	10.6
	98 percentile	37.4	13.3
Adegaon	Minimum	33.8	9.4
	Maximum	47.8	15.5
	Average	39.6	12.1
	98 percentile	46.9	15.1
Babapur	Minimum	32.4	8.3
	Maximum	47.6	13.7
	Average	39.2	10.8
	98 percentile	46.8	13.7
Ganeshpur	Minimum	30.4	8.9
	Maximum	48.7	12.8
	Average	39.1	10.9
	98 percentile	47.6	12.7

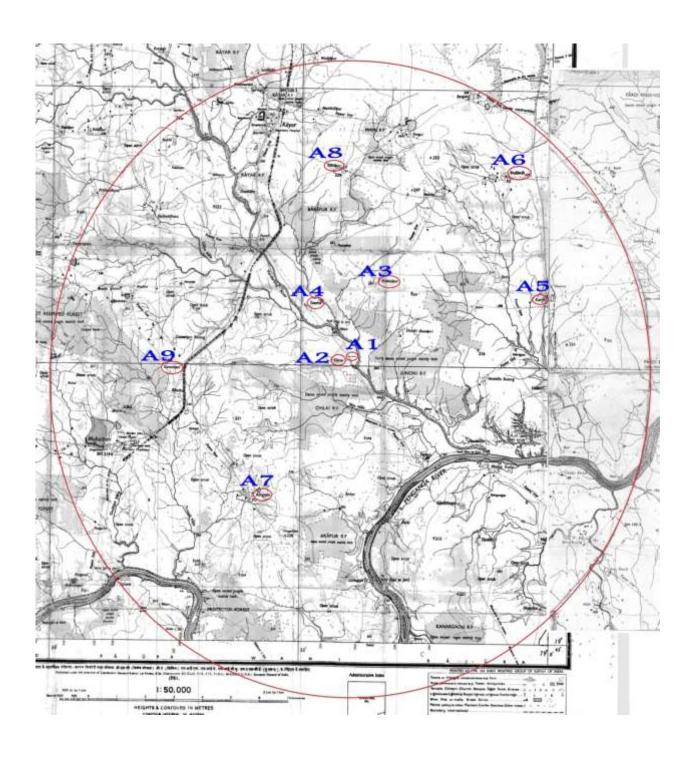
Nine monitoring stations around mine lease were selected. They described in **Table 1**.

Table 1 : Sampling stations

Code	Sampling	Direction with	Distance,	Activities
	station	respect to	km	
		lease		
A-1	Lease			Nil
A-2	Chilai village	SW	1	Lime kilns
A-3	Krishnapur	NW	3	Stone crusher
A-4	Tundra	N-NW	1.8	Stone crusher
A-5	Kurai	E-NE	7.5	Normal village
A-6	Vedawai	NE	8	Mining
A-7	Adegaon	SW	4.5	L.S. mines & lime kilns
A-8	Babapur	N	5.3	Normal village
A-9	Ganeshpur	W-SW	7	Lime kiln,

Sampling stations are shown in **Figure 6**. Air quality analysis is given in **Table 2**.

## FIGURE 6



**AAQ MONITORING STATIONS** 

## Table 2: Ambient air quality

### A1- Mine lease area

Week	PM 10 PM 2.5		NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	μg/m³	μg/m³	μg/m³	µg/m³
Minimum	34.0	10.8	7.6	6.0
Maximum	48.6	15.8	11.6	9.8
Average	39.2	12.8	9.2	7.5
98 percentile	48.0	15.6	11.4	9.5

## A2- Village Chilai

Week	PM 10	PM 2.5	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	μg/m³	μg/m³	µg/m³	μg/m³
Minimum	30.7	10.5	7.4	7.2
Maximum	57.6	46.5	13.2	12.3
Average	45.9	16.5	10.4	8.7
98 percentile	57.0	36.0	13.0	11.9

## A3- Krishnapur

Week	PM 10	PM 2.5	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	μg/m³	μg/m³	μg/m³	μg/m³
Minimum	33.6	11.3	6.5	6.0
Maximum	54.3	17.3	11.2	8.4
Average	42.8	13.8	8.3	7.1
98 percentile	52.2	16.9	10.9	8.4

### A4- Tundra

Week	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>		$SO_2$
	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)
Minimum	20.6	7.1	6.2	6.0
Maximum	38.6	12.5	9.2	9.2
Average	30.5	10.1	7.2	7.6
98 percentile	38.0	12.3	8.9	9.0

## A5- Kurai

Week	PM <sub>10</sub> PM <sub>2.5</sub>		NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)
Minimum	41.5	14.2	6.5	6.1
Maximum	59.3	17.7	8.2	9.5
Average	51.8	15.9	7.2	7.8
98 percentile	59.1	17.6	8.2	9.5

## A6- Vedawai

Week	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)
Minimum	22.1	7.7	6.6	6.8
Maximum	37.6	13.5	9.6	10.2
Average	31.4	10.6	7.8	8.6
98 percentile	37.4	13.3	9.5	10.0

## A7- Adegaon

Week	PM 10	PM 2.5	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	μg/m³	μg/m³	μg/m³	µg/m³
Minimum	33.8	9.4	6.2	6.5
Maximum	47.8	15.5	9.4	9.4
Average	39.6	12.4	8.0	7.6
98 percentile	47.2	15.2	9.4	9.3

## A8- Babapur

Week	PM 10	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	$SO_2$
	μg/m³	µg/m³	μg/m³	μg/m³
Minimum	32.4	8.3	6.4	6.5
Maximum	47.6	13.7	11.4	9.3
Average	39.2	10.8	8.6	7.7
98 percentile	46.8	13.7	11.0	9.3

A9- Ganeshpur

Week	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	µg/m³	(µg/m³)	µg/m³	µg/m³
Minimum	30.4	8.9	6.6	6.4
Maximum	kimum 48.7		10.2	9.6
Average	39.1	10.9	7.7	8.0
98 percentile	47.6	12.7	9.7	9.5

Predictive dispersion models show that maximum concentration of PM in downwind direction under critical wind conditions would be 21.2  $\mu g/m^3$  at 1km from the lease without control measures. It has been presumed that all activities would be simultaneous. Incremental concentration at the nearest village Chilai under these conditions would be 78.8  $\mu g/m^3$  lease.

### Mitigation:

Fugitive emission control measures include macadamized / paved roads, plantation, regulated vehicle speed and water sprinkling etc.

Crusher area would have scaffolding, conveyer belts would be covered and water sprinklers would be located at transfer points.

Project proponent will take all preautions to control emissions from fugitive sources. It will include enclosures, scaffolding at all the transfer points within the lease area. They would appear as in following photograph.



#### 3.2 Noise:

Back ground noise levels Ld, Ln and Ldn were between 51.1& 53.4; 52.3 & 53.8 and 58.2 & 59.1 dB(A) respectively.

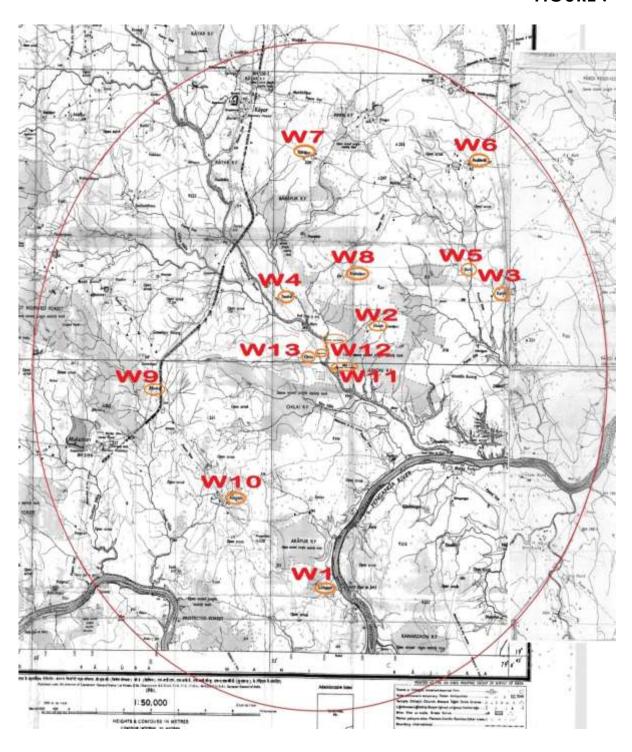
Personal protection equipment (PPE) will be supplied to miners. Blasting will be during fixed hours.

#### 3.3 Water:

Thirteen water samples from ground and surface sources were examined for their physical/chemical properties. Ground water quality is satisfactory as per BIS10500 except for fluoride in three wells near limestone deposits. Fluoride was present in the Vaidarbha river water samples but is within limits. Hydrology of the area was studied. Ground water table is beyond 35-38 m in buffer zone and that in core zone. Water-table interception is not likely during mining scheme period.

Water quality monitoring stations are given in **Figure 7** & water quality analysis is given in **Table 3**.

### FIGURE 7



**WATER QUALITY MONITORING STATIONS** 

Table 3 : Water quality Analysis

Parameters	Sampling Stations												
	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7	W8	W9	W10	W11	W12	W13
	HP	HP	HP	HP	Dug	HP	HP	HP	HP	Tube	Surface	Surface	Tube
					well								
Temperature, °C	27.5	27.0	27.0	27.5	28.0	27.5	27.0	27.5	28.0	27.5	26.5	26.5	27.5
рН	7.0	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.9	7.3	7.0	7.4	7.3	6.7
Conductivity, µS	343	358	664	1395	837	982	646	516	1405	1100	361	498	117
D.O.	6.5	5.9	6.2	6.8	6.9	6.5	5.9	5.8	6.0	5.8	6.9	6.9	5.8
TDS	171	179	332	1255	753	881	323	258	1264	990	158	249	58
T. Alkalinity,	208	178	266	426	182	242	256	278	416	496	306	296	80
CaCaCO <sub>3</sub>													
T. hardness	288	266	372	600	380	540	400	380	780	800	280	304	38
CaCO <sub>3</sub>													
Ca++	72	70	66	98	96	128	104	120	192	108	45	46	10
Mg <sup>++</sup>	26	22	50	86	34	54	34	20	73	129	41	46	4
Na	71	85	92	9	48	75	9	11	5	71	36	7	36
Chlorides	156	181	231	71	26	28	61	47	214	251	19	17	24
Sulphates	16	20	69	100	66	105	42	26	74	115	17	Traces	Traces
Iron as Fe	<0.2	Traces	Traces	Traces	Traces	0.1	0.1	Traces	0.2	0.1	Traces	0.2	0.3
Ammonia	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Traces	Nil	Nil
Phosphate	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Traces	Nil	Nil
Fluoride	0.8	0.7	1.0	2.0	1.2	1.6	1.0	0.2	2.0	1.5	0.6	1.0	0.2

N.B: All values in mg/L except otherwise stated: Cu, Cd, Hg, Cr, Se, Pb absent.

#### 3.4 Land use:

Lease is a private land. Dolomite mining over lease has been approved by State Government. Land use within mining lease as per the conceptual plan would be as under:

Use	Area, ha
Mine pits	22.59
Waste dumps	2.59
Plantation	2.7993
Rejects	0.6150
Sub grade	1.046497
Road	0.98

Back filling of mined land has not been planned since working pits will not mature. Erosion of soil dump will be controlled by proper design of dump, contour -bunds & plantation. Plantation along lease boundary has been proposed to arrest its erosion. Guidance from forest department will be available for plantation of suitable species.

### A view of land beyond mine lease & Chilai village









#### 3.5 Socio-economics:

Mine lease is lying unused. Soil cover in the lease land being inadequate, agriculture is scanty to nil. Mining will provide direct employment to about 78 local. Indirect employment is likely e.g. tree plantation will be entrusted to a local plant nursery, transportation by local transporters etc. Some land has been purchased by project proponent by direct negotiations and same practice will continue after environmental clearance.

### 3.6 Environment management:

Environmental cell is proposed. Mine manager will be its chairman. He will be responsible for compliance of environment related rules/conditions and for environment-friendly mining of dolomite. Environment quality monitoring during operational phase is proposed.

Cost of production with delivery at mine-site will be approximately Rs. 280 per tonne. This is an economically viable proposal since present selling costs varies between Rs. 350-400 per tonne. Project is located over relatively non productive land with compatible environmental setting.

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> > डिसेम्बेर् २०१४

# चिलई डोलोमाईट उत्खनन प्रकल्प पर्यावरणीय अहवाल

### १.० प्रास्ताविक

वणी येथील मोहम्मदी मिनरल्सचे श्री अब्दुल कादिर मो. हनीफ यांना ६१.९१ हे. चे क्षेत्र डोलोमाईट उत्खननासाठी महाराष्ट्र सरकारने आवन्तीत केले आहे. ही लीज वणी तहसील मध्ये चिलई गावाजवळ आहे. हा प्रकल्प नवा असून याबदल कोणतेही आक्षेप कोर्टात नाहीत.

या क्षेत्राच्या अवती - भोवती राष्ट्रीय उद्याने किंवा सुरक्षित क्षेत्र १० कि.मी. परिसरात नाहीत.

लीज वणी पासून अंदाजे २५ कि.मी. दूर आहे. जवळचे रेल्वे स्टेशन कार्य पासून १७ किमी आहे.

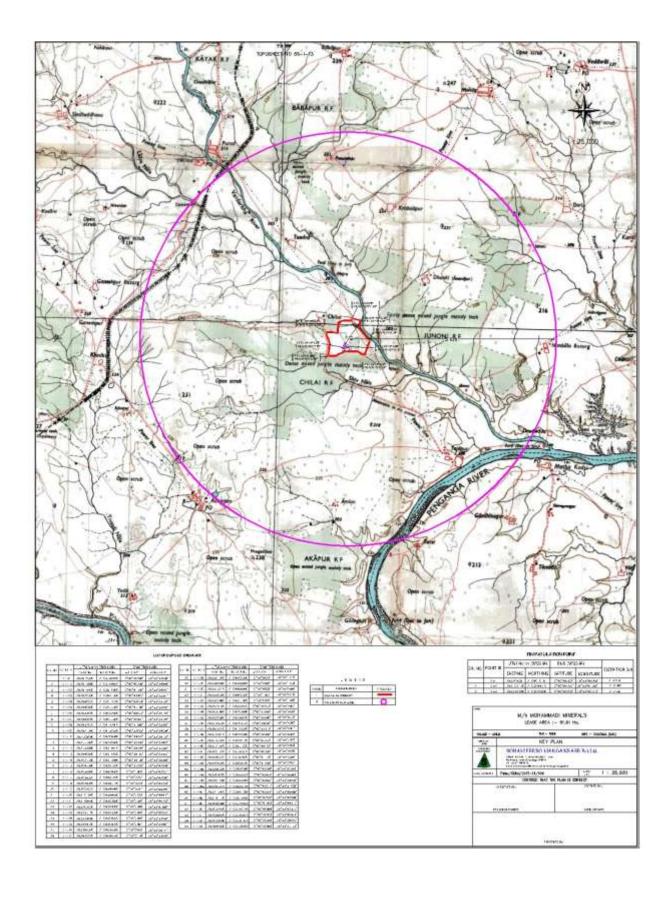
याचा अक्षांश आणि रेखांश अनुक्रमे १९° ४९' ३९.६" - १९° ५०' ९.५" उ व ७८° ५५' ३२.६" - ७८° ५६' ९.४" प् आहेत. हे क्षेत्र टोपोशीट क्रमांक ५६ १/१३ मध्ये येते.

लीज हे सपाट क्षेत्र असून त्याचा उतार ईशान्ये कडे आहे. कंट्रर २११ ते १९७ पर्यंत आहे. विदर्भ नदी क्षेत्राला लागून आहे.

सरकारी नियमानुसार कंपनीने पर्यावरण व वनमंत्रालय, नवी दिल्ली, भारत सरकारला अर्ज केला आहे. ८ जुलै २०१४ रोजी झालेल्या विशेषज्ञ समिती ने एक संदर्भ सूची पर्यावरणीय अभ्यासासाठी पाठवली.

अभ्यासाचे क्षेत्र चिलई पासून १० किमी होते. उत्खननासाठी आवश्यक असलेली मायनिंग स्कीमला निदेशक जिऔलौजी व मायनिंग मान्यता पर्यावरणीय अहवाल कडून प्राप्त झाली. महाराष्ट्र प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मंडळ, चंद्रपूर येथील त्यांच्या क्षेत्रीय कचेरीत सादर केला. त्याचा संक्षिप्त गोषवारा या निवेदनात दिला आहे.

# आकृती १



## २.० डोलोमाईटचे क्षेत्रातील साठे आणि प्रस्तावित उत्खनन :

चिलईतील डोलोमाईटचे साठे उत्तम प्रतीचे आहेत. त्यात सिलिका (SiO2) आणि लोह (Fe) यांचे प्रमाण फार कमी आहे. त्यामुळे त्या डोलोमाईटचा वापर करणाऱ्या उद्योगाकडून मागणी बरीच आहे. अंदाजे दहा उद्योग २०० किमी च्या परिसरात आहेत.

या क्षेत्रात अर्थात लीज मध्ये डोलोमाईटचे एकंदर साठे ५२.२७ दश लक्ष टन आहेत असा अंदाज मायनिंग स्कीम मध्ये आहे. त्या पैकी ५१.५४०७४८ दश लक्ष टन डोलोमाईट उत्खननाने काढता येतील. खनिजाचा आणि त्यासोबतच्या मातीचे प्रमाण १:०.०१४ घनमी. इतके आहे.

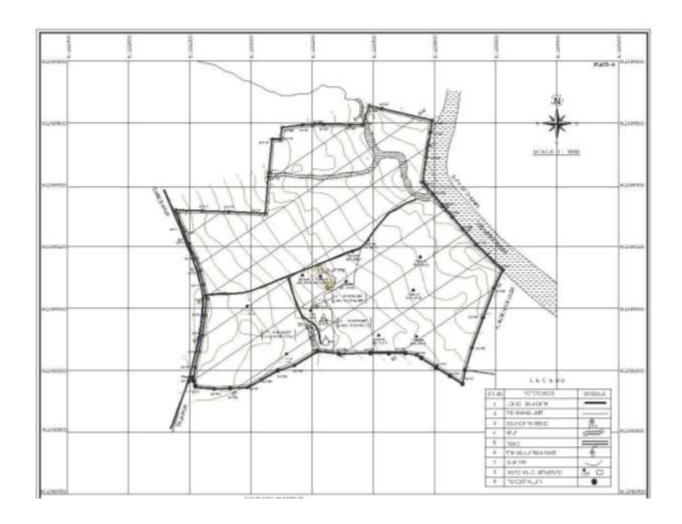
उत्खनन जर प्रती वर्षी १.५ दशलक्ष केले, तर डोलोमाईटचे साठे ३४ वर्षे पुरतील. उत्खनन यांत्रिक असेल.

शोवेल आणि डम्पर यांचा वापर प्रस्तावित आहे. बेंच ची उंची ६ मी, रुंदी ६ मी पेक्षा जास्त आणि बेंच चा कल ४७ डिग्री असेल. रोज १०-२० होल्स करण्यात येतील आणि तीन ब्लास्ट्स दिवसातून करण्यात येतील. ब्लास्ट्स शास्त्रीय पद्धतीनेच करतील. त्याची मान्यता DGMS कडून प्राप्त करण्यात येईल.

मायनिंग स्कीम मधील सरफेस व जिऔलौजीकल नकाशे आकृती २ आणि ३ मध्ये दाखिवले आहेत. उत्खननामुळे पाच वर्षानंतर लीज मध्ये ३६ मी. खोल खड्डा होईल.

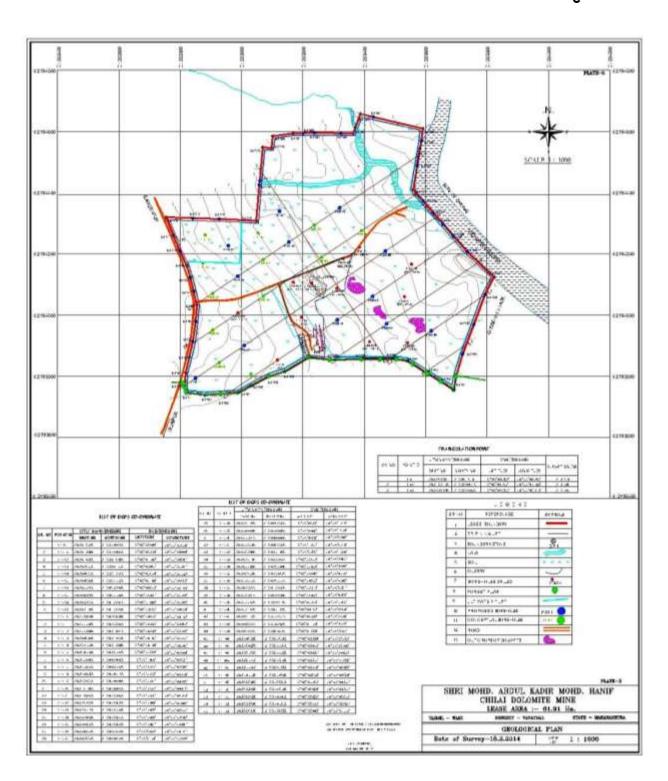
मायनिंग स्कीम मध्ये एक नकाशा दिलेला असतो. या नकाशात लीज चे स्क्षेत्र मायनिंग पूर्ण झाल्या नंतर कसे असेल याचे विवरण दाखविले असते. हा नकाशा आकृती क्रमांक ५ मध्ये आहे.

# आकृती २



SURFACE PLAN

## आकृती ३

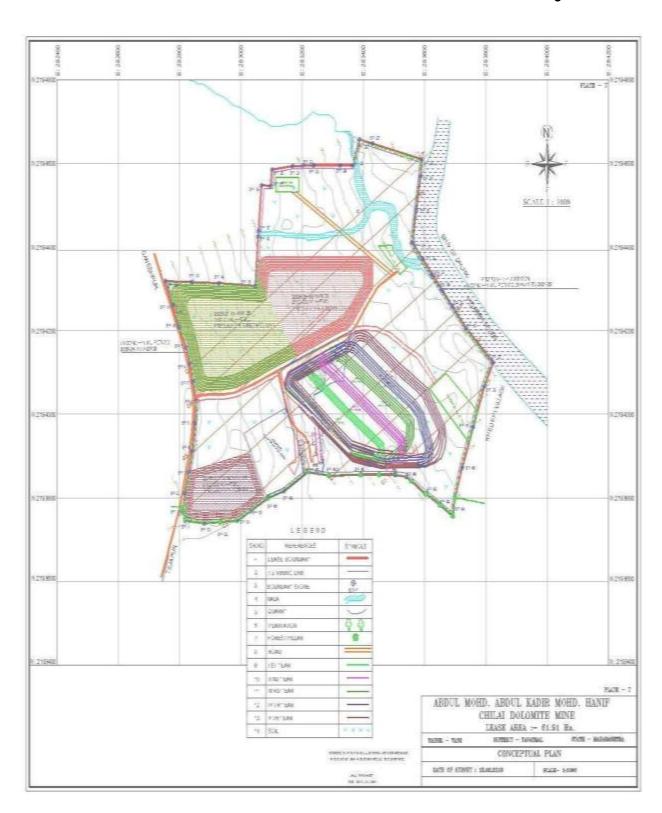


GEOLOGICAL PLAN

## लीज जिमनीचे विभाजन खालील प्रमाणे उत्खननाच्या नंतर असे असेल

खोदलेले क्षेत्र	२५.९७९४ हे.
वेस्टचा डम्प	२.५९ हे
हरित क्षेत्र	२.७९९३ हे
कमी प्रतीच्या डोलोमाईट डम्प साठी	१.०४६४९७ हे
नको असलेल्या पदार्थ डम्प साठी	०.६१५० हे
रस्ता	०.९८ हे

# आकृती ४



**CONCEPTUAL PLAN** 

या प्रकल्पात निम्न लिखित मशिनरी वापरली जाईल.

डम्पर २५ टन : ९ लोडर २. घन मी. : 3 ग्रेडर, पाण्याचा शिडकावा साठी, १० अ शक्ती, कोम्प्रेस्सर-प्रत्येकी : १ व्यागन द्रील्ल्स : ४ क्रशर २५० टन/तास क्षमता : १

## ३.० पर्यावरणाचे परीक्षण

लिझच्या परिसरात काही दगडाच्या खाणी आहेत. इतर उद्योग् नाहीत अथवा नगण्य आहेत.

सद्यपरिस्थितील पर्यावरणाचे मुल्यांकन ऑक्टोबर महिन्यात सुरु केले आणि डिसेम्बेर् २०१४ पर्यंत चालू ठेवणार आहे.

अभ्यासाच्या क्षेत्र लिझच्या अवतीभोवती १० कि मी होते.

पाणी, हवा, जमीन, ध्वनी, सामाजिक परिस्थिती इत्यादी पर्यावरणाच्या घटकांचा परामर्ष घेतला. इतर उपलब्ध असलेली माहिती एकत्रित केली, तसेच मोजमापनिह केले.

प्रकल्पात होणारी कारवाई यांचा परामर्श घेतला आणि पर्यावरणावर होणारा संभाव्य परीणाम याचा अंदाज केला. या सर्व माहिती एका अहवालात एकत्र केली. तो अहवाल महाराष्ट्र प्रदूषण नियंत्रण मंडळ, चन्द्रपूर येथील त्यांच्या क्षेत्रीयकचेरीत सादर केला. त्यातील संक्षिप्त माहिती या निवेदनात दिली आहे.

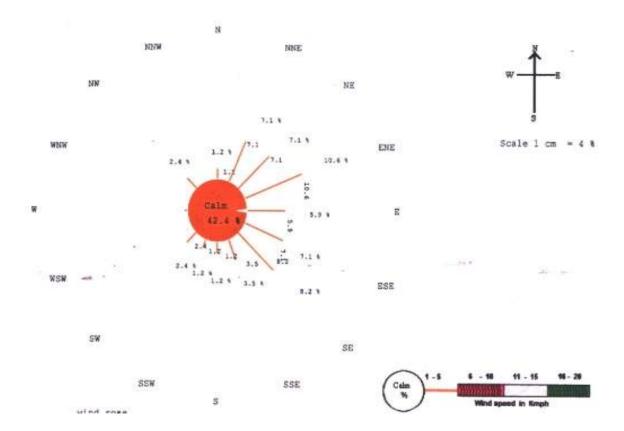
## ३.१ वायू, हवा

हवेवर होणाऱ्या संभाव्य परीणामाचे मुल्यांकन शास्त्रीय आणि प्रचलित रीतीने केले. प्रकल्प सुरु झाल्यावर उत्खनन, निघालेल्या मालाला डम्परमध्ये भरणे, डम्परचे रस्त्यावरून क्रशरपर्यंत वहन, त्याचेवर प्रक्रिया आणि बाहेर पाठवणे/रवानगी इत्यादी कार्यक्रम लीझ मध्ये होतील. हा प्रकल्प सुरू झाल्यावर दाखविलेल्या कार्यवाही (ड्रिल करणे, ब्लास्ट करणे, मालाचे वहन करणे इत्यादी) करतना धुळीचे अर्थात P.M. चे उत्सर्जन होईल

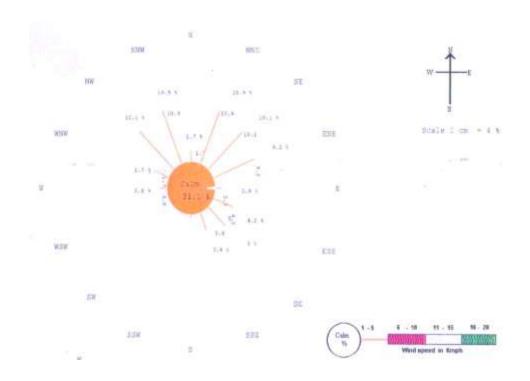
हे सर्व होत असतांना धूळ उडणे सहाजिक आहे. उडलेली धूळ हवेच्या दिशेने उडू आणि पसरू शकते. हवेची गुणवत्ता बदलू शकते. ती किती बदलू शकेल याचा अंदाज घेतला.

हवेची दिशा लीज मध्ये कशी राहील हे खाली दिलेल्या आकृती ५ मध्ये दर्शविले आहे. हवेची गती - सरासरी ६७% वेळेला ६ किमी/तास , इशान्येकडून - ५३% ; पूर्वे आणि आग्नेयेकडून - प्रत्येकी ८ % होती . एकंदर ९ जागी हवेचे मुल्यांकन केले. गंधक द्वि प्राणीद आणि नत्र प्राणीद १० माय्क्रोग्राम पेक्षा कमी होते.

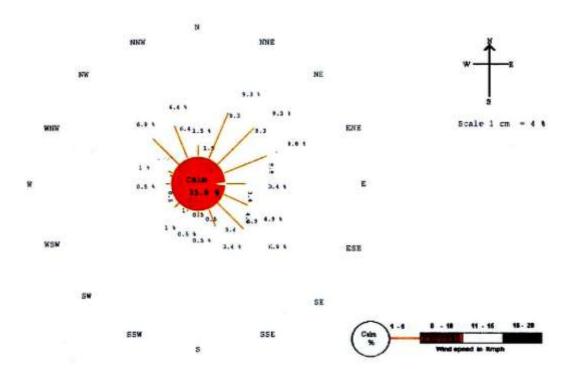
## आकृती ५



## Wind rose during October 2014



Wind rose during November 2014

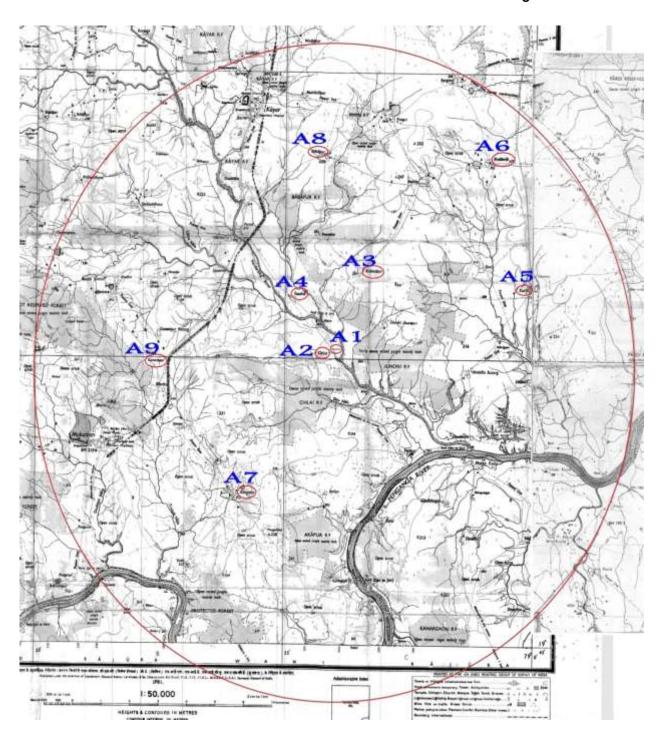


Wind rose during December 2014

नमुने घेतलेली ठिकाणे खालील तक्त्यात समाविष्ट आहेत आणि आकृती क्रमांक ६ मध्ये दाखवली आहेत.

कोडे	घेतलेले स्थान	दिशा	दूर, किमी
A 1	ਕੀਤ		
A 2	चीलई गाव	SW	8
A 3	कुष्णाप्र	NW	3
A 4	टुंड्रा	N-NW	۶.۷
A 5	कुरी	E-NE	७.५
A 6	वेदावाई	NE	C
A 7	आडेगांव	SW	8.4
A 8	बाबाप्र	N	<b>4.</b> 3
A 9	गणेशपूर	W-SW	l9

# आकृती ६



हवेची गुणवत्ता घेतलेली स्थाने

# हवेची गुणवत्ता

# A1 - माईन लीज क्षेत्र

Week	PM 10	PM 2.5	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	μg/m³	μg/m³	μg/m³	µg/m³
Minimum	34.0	10.8	7.6	6.0
Maximum	48.6	15.8	11.6	9.8
Average	39.2	12.8	9.2	7.5
98 percentile	48.0	15.6	11.4	9.5

# A2- चीलई गाव

Week	PM 10	PM 2.5	NOx	$SO_2$
	μg/m³	μg/m³	μg/m³	µg/m³
Minimum	30.7	10.5	7.4	7.2
Maximum	57.6	46.5	13.2	12.3
Average	45.9	16.5	10.4	8.7
98 percentile	57.0	36.0	13.0	11.9

# A3- कुष्णापूर

Week	PM 10	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	$SO_2$
	μg/m³	µg/m³	μg/m³	µg/m³
Minimum	33.6	11.3	6.5	6.0
Maximum	54.3	17.3	11.2	8.4
Average	42.8	13.8	8.3	7.1
98 percentile	52.2	16.9	10.9	8.4

# A4- टुंड्रा

Week	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)
Minimum	20.6	7.1	6.2	6.0
Maximum	38.6	12.5	9.2	9.2
Average	30.5	10.1	7.2	7.6
98 percentile	38.0	12.3	8.9	9.0

# **A5-** कुरी

Week	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)
Minimum	41.5	14.2	6.5	6.1
Maximum	59.3	17.7	8.2	9.5
Average	51.8	15.9	7.2	7.8
98 percentile	59.1	17.6	8.2	9.5

# **A6-** वेदावाई

Week	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)
Minimum	22.1	7.7	6.6	6.8
Maximum	37.6	13.5	9.6	10.2
Average	31.4	10.6	7.8	8.6
98 percentile	37.4	13.3	9.5	10.0

# **A7-** आडेगांव

Week	PM 10	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	μg/m³	μg/m³	μg/m³	µg/m³
Minimum	33.8	9.4	6.2	6.5
Maximum	47.8	15.5	9.4	9.4
Average	39.6	12.4	8.0	7.6
98 percentile	47.2	15.2	9.4	9.3

# A8- बाबापूर

Week	PM 10	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	μg/m³	μg/m³	μg/m³	µg/m³
Minimum	32.4	8.3	6.4	6.5
Maximum	47.6	13.7	11.4	9.3
Average	39.2	10.8	8.6	7.7
98 percentile	46.8	13.7	11.0	9.3

A9- गणेशपूर

Week	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	NOx	SO <sub>2</sub>
	µg/m³	(µg/m³)	µg/m³	µg/m³
Minimum	30.4	8.9	6.6	6.4
Maximum	48.7	12.8	10.2	9.6
Average	39.1	10.9	7.7	8.0
98 percentile	47.6	12.7	9.7	9.5

या गावातील हवा प्रदूषण मुक्त आहे असा निष्कर्ष वरील तक्त्यांवरून दिसून येतो.

## ३.१.१ प्रकल्पाचे संभाव्य परिणाम

हा प्रकल्प सुरू झाल्यावर उत्खनन, मालाचे भरण आणि वहन करताना तसेच त्याचे क्रशिंग करताना मुख्यत्वे धुळीच्या कणांचे उत्सर्जन संभवते. त्याची मात्रा/प्रमाण खाली दिलेली आहे.

Activity	Emission factor	Level of activity	Emission rate, g/second
Drilling	0.6 kg/hole	43	0.2986
Blasting	22.6 kg/blast	1/d	0.2616
Dumping	0.02 kg/tonne	5000 TPD	1.1574
Haul road with watering	4.0 kg/km	68 km/day @ 5000 TPD, 20 T dumper capacity,170 m/trip & return	3.1
Total			4.8176

3.१.२ रस्त्यावरची वाहतूक देखिल प्रदूषण करू शकते. सध्याची वाहतूक परीस्थिती खाली दिली आहे.

Road	Type of vehicle, wheels	Number	Vehicle/hour
Kayar –Mukutban &	2	769	77
back	3	119	12
	4	182	18
	Truck	94	9
	B∪s	56	6
	Tippers	74	7
	Tractor	52	5
Kayar to Chilai & back	2	98	10
	3	55	6
	4	32	3
	Truck	17	2
	B∪s	4	1
	Tippers	27	3
	Tractor	31	3
Mukutban to Chilai &	2	98	10
back	3	49	5
	4	28	3
	Truck	16	2
	B∪s	4	1
	Tippers	25	3
	Tractor	33	

संगणकाने केलेल्या अंदाजाप्रमाणे खाणीत होत असलेल्या सर्व हालचालींचा हवेवर होणारा परिणाम ज्यास्तीत ज्यास्त एक १०० मी पर्यंत संभवतो. शिवाय उत्खनन जमिनीच्या खाली १० मी. असेल. त्यामुळे हवा प्रदूषित होणार नाही.

## ३.२ हवेचे प्रदूषण कमी करण्यासाठी उपाययोजना

- क्रशरच्या अवतीभोवती पत्रे लावण्याचे नक्की केले आहे.



- लिझच्या सभोवताल झाडे/वृक्षारोपण होईल
- रस्त्यावर पाणी शिडकाव व्यवस्थित होईल

## ३.३ ध्वनी

क्षेत्राच्या आसपासच्या खेड्यात ध्वनीचे मोजमाप केले. ते ५१.१-५९.१ डी.(बी) A पर्यंत होतं. ब्लास्टिंग, ड्रिल करताना किंवा क्रशर चालू असतांना आवाज/ध्वनी प्रदूषण संभवते.

त्यावर उपाय म्हणून प्रत्येक काम करणाऱ्या खाण मजुराला कानाचे व्यक्तीगत यंत्र देण्यात येईल. ब्लास्टिंग फक्त ठराविक वेळातच होईल. त्याची पूर्व सूचना -सायरन वाजून देण्यात येईल.

### **3.४** पाणी:

लीज मध्ये पाण्याचा स्त्रोत नाही. तिच्या बाजूने विदर्भ नदी वाहते. या नदीचा प्रवाहाचा अभ्यास केला. पाणी मुख्यतः पावसाळ्यात वाहते. ओढ फार असते. परंतु हे पाणी लीझ मध्ये शिरणार नाही. भूजल ३५-३८ मी. खोल आहे. उत्खनाचा खड्डा भुजलाला छेदणार नाही. परिसराच्या भूजलाचे आणि विदर्भ नदीच्या पाण्याचे परीक्षण केल्यावर ते पिण्यायोग्य असल्याचे आढलुन आले. फ्लोराईड प्रमाण काही हात पंपात अधिक दिसले.

# पाण्याचे विश्लेषण खाली दिले आहे.

Code	Sampling station	Details
W1	Gadeghat	Hand pump
W2	Dhunki	Hand pump
W3	Kurai	Hand pump
W4	Tundra	Hand pump
W5	Dorli	Dug well
W 6	Vedawai	Hand pump
W7	Babapur	Hand pump
W8	Krushnapur	Hand pump
W9	Khadki	Hand pump
W10	Adegao	Tube well
W11	Vaidarbha river	Downstream
W12	Vaidarbha river	Upstream
W13	Chilai	Tube well

## पाण्याचे विश्लेषण

Parameters	Sampling Stations												
	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7	W8	W9	W10	W11	W12	W13
	HP	HP	HP	HP	Dug	HP	HP	HP	HP	Tube	Surfac	Surfac	Tube
					well						е	е	
Temperature, °C	27.5	27.0	27.0	27.5	28.0	27.5	27.0	27.5	28.0	27.5	26.5	26.5	27.5
рН	7.0	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.9	7.3	7.0	7.4	7.3	6.7
Conductivity, µS	343	358	664	1395	837	982	646	516	1405	1100	361	498	117
D.O.	6.5	5.9	6.2	6.8	6.9	6.5	5.9	5.8	6.0	5.8	6.9	6.9	5.8
TDS	171	179	332	1255	753	881	323	258	1264	990	158	249	58
T. Alkalinity,	208	178	266	426	182	242	256	278	416	496	306	296	80
CaCaCO <sub>3</sub>													
T. hardness	288	266	372	600	380	540	400	380	780	800	280	304	38
CaCO <sub>3</sub>													
Ca++	72	70	66	98	96	128	104	120	192	108	45	46	10
Mg <sup>++</sup>	26	22	50	86	34	54	34	20	73	129	41	46	4
Na	71	85	92	9	48	75	9	11	5	71	36	7	36
Chlorides	156	181	231	71	26	28	61	47	214	251	19	17	24
Sulphates	16	20	69	100	66	105	42	26	74	115	17	Traces	Traces
Iron as Fe	<0.2	Traces	Traces	Traces	Traces	0.1	0.1	Traces	0.2	0.1	Traces	0.2	0.3
Ammonia	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Traces	Nil	Nil
Phosphate	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Traces	Nil	Nil
Fluoride	0.8	0.7	1.0	2.0	1.2	1.6	1.0	0.2	2.0	1.5	0.6	1.0	0.2

N.B: All values in mg/L except otherwise stated: Cu, Cd, Hg, Cr, Se, Pb absent.

## ३.७ जमीनीचे - पर्यावरण

सध्या लीज मधील जमीनीचा वापर किरकोळ किंवा नगण्य शेती साठी होतो. परंतु शेतीचे उत्पन्न हमखास मिळेलच याची खात्री नाही. लीज ची जमीनीचे फोटो खाली दाखित आहेत. या क्षेत्रात दगडाळ जमीन आहे, मातीचा थर क्वचित दिसतो.









उत्खनन केल्यामुळे जिमनीच्या पर्यावरणावर विपरीत परिणाम संभवत नाही. झाडे तोडावी लागणार नाहीत. विस्थापितांचे प्रश्न उद्भवणार नाहीत . ज्यांची जमीन विकत घेण्यात येईल त्यांना योग्य तो मोबदला देण्याचे ठरले आहे.

## ३.६ सामाजिक बांधिलकी

चिलई मध्ये असलेल्या लीज मधील डोलोमाईट उच्च प्रतीचा आहे, त्याचे उत्खनन देशच्या हिताच्च ठरेल, कारण चिलीच्या २०० किलो मी परिसरातील पुष्कळ उद्योगांना डोलोमाईट ची आवश्यकता आहे . डोलोमाईटची जरूरत स्टील, काच, पेंट उद्योगांना आहे .

स्वदेशातच उपलब्ध असल्यामुळे डोलोमाईटची आयात बंद होईल .

चिलई आणि आजूबाजूच्या गावातील ७८ लोकांना प्रत्यक्ष आणि ईतर्हे रोजगार जसे वाहतूकदार, वर्क शोप, हॉटेल इत्यादी अप्रत्यक्ष रोजगार निर्माण होवू शकतात.

पावसाच्या अनिश्चितमुळे वाणी तहसीलीत शेती फायदेशीर नाही. त्यामुळे उत्खनन चालू करणे आवश्यक आहे . ते सर्वांच्या हिताचे ठरेल पूर्ण ६१.९१ हे जमीन खाजगी आहे. ती विकत ध्यायचे प्रस्तावित आहे. जिमनीच्या मालकाशीच संपर्क करून त्यांच्याशी व्यवहार केला जाईल.

पर्यावरणाचे व्यवस्थापन, उत्खनन इत्यादीचे खर्च पकडून डोलोमाईटची किंमत रु ०.२८०/ किलो असेल.

पर्यावरणाच्या कोणत्याही घटकाला जसे पाणी, हवा, जमीन तसेच समाजाला हानी न करता उत्खनन शक्य आहे.

### ३.७ पर्यावरणाचे व्यवस्थापन

प्रकल्प सुरु झाल्यावर एक "पर्यावरण कक्ष" स्थापन करण्यात येईल. खाणीचे व्यवस्थापक त्याचे अध्यक्ष असतील. प्रदूषण मंडलाने दिलेले आदेश हा कक्ष पाळेल. आदेशाचे पालन करणे हि त्याची जबाबदारी राहील. तसेच पर्यावरण व वन खात्याने दिलेल्या अटींचे पालन करतील.

या कार्यक्रमात मुख्यत्वेकरून धुळीचे उत्सर्जन की करणे, ब्लास्टिंग शास्त्रीय पद्धन्तेनेच करणे, ध्वनी प्रदूषणाचे नियंत्रण, निघालेल्या मालाची साठवण आणि मुख्यत्वेकरून खाणीतील कामगारांचे आरोग्याची काळजी इत्यादींचा समावेश आहे.

-पक्के किंवा अर्ध पक्के रस्ते बनविणे

-खाणीतून उत्पन्न झालेल्या मालाचे वाहन फक्त झाकलेल्या वाहनातूनच करणे

-रस्त्यावर गतिरोधक, तसेच लिझच्या सुरक्षित क्षेत्रात आणि रस्त्याचा दुतर्फा तसेच डम्पवर वृ क्शारोपण

-पाण्याचा फवारा क्रशर मध्ये आणि रस्त्यावार करणे,

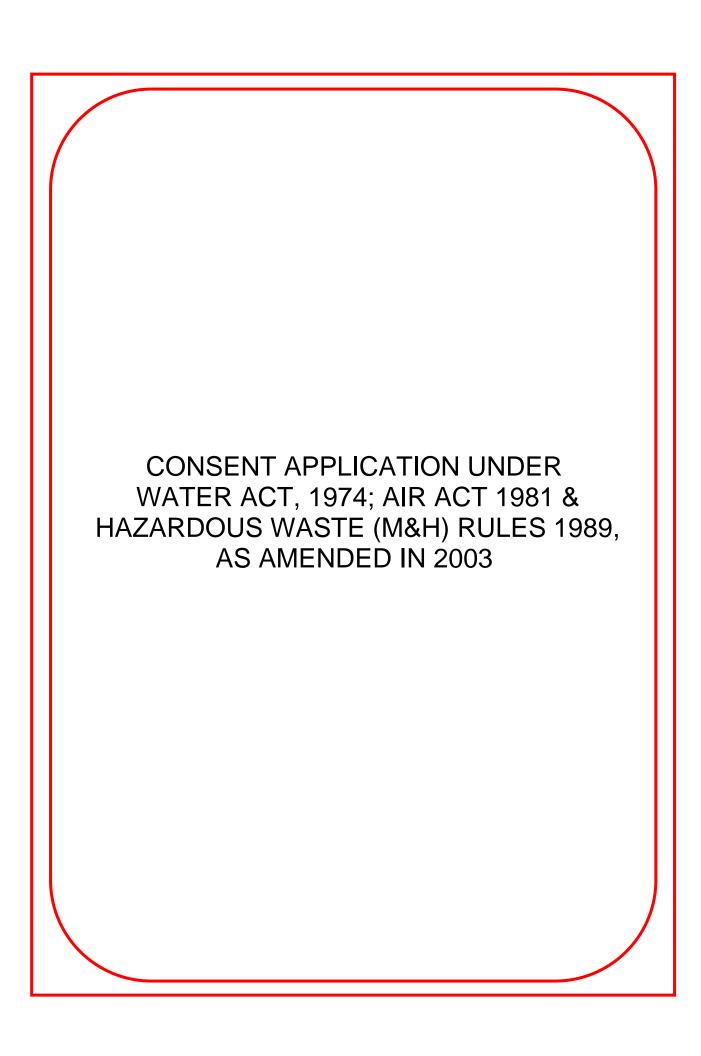
-ब्लास्टिंग मुख्य निदेशक, खाण सुरक्षा यांच्या निर्देशानुसार करणे

-खदान सुरु झाल्यावर हवा, पाणी, ध्वनी यांचे मोजमापन करणे आणि त्याची माहिती पर्यावरण आणि प्रदूषण मंडळाला कळविणे इत्यादी. मान्यता प्राप्त संस्थे कडून हे काम करून घेण्यात येईल.

## ३.८ पर्यावरणाच्या क्षेत्रपर्यावरणाच्या परीक्षणाचे वेळापत्रक :

- · पाणी आठवड्यातून एकदा
- · ध्वनी रोज आणि ब्लास्टिंग करताना
- · हवा पर्यावरण आणि प्रदूषण मंडळाच्या आदेशानुसार
- · दर महिन्यात प्रदूषण मंडळाला रिपोर्ट पाटवण्यात येईल .
- · पर्यावरणाच्या संबंधी माहिती ज्यांना हवी त्यांना उपलब्ध करून देणे

रु. १५०,०००/- पर्यावरणाच्या मोज मापनासाठी उपकरणे आणि वर्षाला रु. ५०,०००/- खर्च अपेक्षित आहे .



#### APPLICATION FOR CONSENT/AUTHORISATION

Date:

From

MAHAMMADI MINERALS CHILAI DOLOMITE MINE VILLAGE : CHILAI

TAL: WANI, DIST YAVATMAL

TO
THE REGIONAL OFFICER
MAHARASHTRA POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
MAHAVIR TOWER, 2 ND FLOOR
MUL ROAD, CHANDRAPUR (MS)

Sir,

We hereby apply for "

Consent to Establish/Operate/Renewal of consent under section 25 and 26 of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 as amended.

Consent to Establish/Operate/Renewal of consent under Section 21 of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, as amended.

Authorisation/renewal of authorisation under rule 5 of the Hazardous Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules, 1989, as amended in January 2000 in connection with my/our existing/proposed/ altered additional manufacturing/processing activity from the premises as per the details given below:

		Part A : General	MOHD. ABDUL KADIR M. HANIF, PROP. MOHAMMADI MINERALS , STATION
1.		Name designation, office address with Telephone/Fax numbers e-mail of the Applicant Occupier/Industry/Institution/Local body	ROAD WARD NO 3, WANI 445304, DIST YAVATMAL (M) 09422166088
2.	a. b.	Name and location of the industrial unit/premises for which the application is made (Give revenue Survey Number/Plot number name to Taluka and District, also telephone and fax number)  Details of planning permission obtained from the local body/town and country planning authorityMetropolitan development authority/ designated Authority.	MAHAMMADI MINERALS CHILAI DOLOMITE MINE VILLAGE: CHILAI TAL: WANI, DIST: YAVATMAL KH. NO. 22-24, 29,31-37, 40-41 PL SEE ANNEXURE 1 PH 26317, 25262 GRAM PANCHAYAT CHILAI PLEASE SEE ANNEXURE 2 DMO YAVATMAL
	C.	Name of the local body under whose jurisdiction the unit is located and name of the licence issuing authority.	AS ABOVE

3.		Name, addresses with Telephone and Fax Number of	MOHD. ABDUL KADIR M. HANIF, PROP.
		Managing Director/Managing Partner and officer	MOHAMMADI MINERALS, STATION
		responsible for matters connected with pollution	ROAD
		control and/or Hazardous waste disposal.	WARD NO 3, WANI 445304, DIST
			YAVATMAL (MS)
4.	a.	Are you registered Industrial unit ?	LEASE HAS BEEN GRANTED BY GOM
4.	a.	Are you registered industrial drift?	
			VIDE LETTER NO
	b.	If yes, give the number and date of registration	MMN2099/7707/DESK-4 DT
			08.01.2001. PL SEE <b>ANNEXURE 3</b>
5.		Gross capital investment of the unit without	
		depreciation till the date of application (Cost of	APPROX RS 2425 LAKHS
		building land plant and machinery).	PLEASE SEE <b>ANNEXURE 4</b>
		(To be supported by an affidavit/undertaking on Rs.	
		20/- stamp paper annual report or certificate from a	
		Chartered Accountant for proposed unit(s), give	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		estimated figure).	VEC DIVED VAID ADDUA ADOUT 350 AA
6.		If the site is located near sea-shore/river bank/ other	YES RIVER VAIDARBHA ABOUT 250 M
		water bodies/highway, indicate the crow fly distance	
		and the name of the water body, if any.	
7.		Does the location satisfy the requirements under	YES
		relevant Central/State Govt. Notification such as	
		Coastal regulation Zone. Notification on Ecologically	
		fraglle area. Industrial Location policy etc. if so, give	
		details.	
8.		If the site is situated in notified industrial estate.	NO
٥.		if the site is situated in notified industrial estate.	INO
		NA/hothou officent collection tweetweent and disposal	N.A.
	a.	Whether effluent collection, treatment and disposal	IN.A.
		system has been provided by the authority.	
		Will the applicant utilise the system, if provided.	
	b.		N.A.
		If not provided, details of proposed arrangement.	
	c.		N.A.
9.	a.	Total plot area	61.91 HA
		, ,	
	b.	Built up area and	0.7994 HA
	٥.	Sant up area and	0.7 33 7 1 1/1 (
		Area available for the use of treated severe /	2 7002 HA FOR DI ANTATIONI
	С	Area available for the use of treated sewage/trade	2.7993 HA FOR PLANTATION
<u> </u>		effluent for gardening/irrigation	
10.		Month and year of commissioning of the Unit	THIS APPLICATION IS FOR CONSENT TO
			ESTABLISH
11.		Number of workers and office staff	ABOUT 78
		Hrs. of shifts Weekly off	
		8 hrly x 2 shifts per day Yes	
12.	a.	Do you have a residential colony within the premises	NO
12.	u.	in respect of which the present application is made?	
	١.	If yes, please state population staying.	
	b.	Indicate its location and distance with reference to	N.A.
	C.	plant site.	N.A.

13.		List of products and by-products manufactured in	DOLOMITE MINERALS/ORE
		tonnes/month, kl/month or numbers/month (Give	@1,25,000 TPM OR 5000 TPD
		figure corresponding to maximum installed	
		production capacity)	
14.		List of raw materials and process chemicals with	NONE
		annual consumption corresponding to above stated	
		production figures, in tonnes/ month or kl/month or	
15.		numbers/month	ODENICAST NACCHANISED MINING
15.		Description of process of manufacture for each of the products showing input, output, quality and quantity	OPENCAST MECHANISED MINING PL SEE <b>ANNEXURE 5</b>
		of solid, liquid and gaseous wastes, if any from each	TESEL ANNEXONE S
		unit process. (To be supported by flow sheet and/or	
		material balance).	
		Part B: Wastewater aspects	
		Water consumption for different uses (m³/day)	100
16.			
	i.	Industrial cooling, spraying in mine pits or boiler	40
		feeds propultion of hydro generation sets	
			10
	ii.	Domestic purpose	10
	iii.	Drogoging whereby weter gets polluted and the	
		Processing whereby water gets polluted and the pollutants are easily biodegradable and are toxic	
		pointiants are easily blodegradable and are toxic	
	iv.	Processing whereby water gets polluted and the	
		pollutants are not easily bio-degradable and are	
		toxic	
	V.	Others such as agriculture, gardening etc. (specify)	20
		WORKSHOP	30
		PLANTATION	
17.		Source of water supply. Name of authority	GROUND WATER & MINE PIT
		granting permission if applicable and quantity	PERMISSION OBTAINED FROM GSDA.
10		permitted	PLEASE SEE ANNEXURE 6
18.		Quantity of waste water (effluent) generated	
	i.	(ml/day) Domestic 8 M <sup>3</sup> vi.	Cooling water blow down
	ii.	Industrial vii.	DM plant/softening
	iii.	Process	plant washings
	iv.	Washings viii.	Tail raise discharge from
	v.	Boiler blow down	hydro power station
		ix	Others Work shop 15 m <sup>3</sup>
19.		Water budget calculations accounting for	PLEASE SEE ANNEXURE 7
		difference between water consumption and	
		effluent generated.	

20		Present treatment of sewage/canteen effluent (Give sizes/ capacities of treatment units).	DOMESTIC - SEPTIC TANK FOLLOWED BY SOAK PIT WASTE FROM WORKSHOP — PLEASE SEE ANNEXURE 8
21		Present treatment of trade effluent (Give sizes/capacities of treatment units). (A schematic diagram of the treatment scheme with inlet/outlet characteristics of each unit operation/process is to be provided. Include details of residue management system (sludges))	N.A.
22.	а.	Are sewage and trade effluents mixed together? If yes, state at which stage - Whether before,	NO
	b.	intermittently or after treatment.	N.A.
23.		Capacity of treated effluent sump, Guard Pond if any.	NOT REQUIRED
24.	i. ii. iii. iv. v.	Mode of disposal of treated effluents, with respective quantity, m³/day into stream/river (name of river) into creek/ estuary (name of creek/estuary) into sea into drain/sewer (owner of sewer) On land for irrigation on owned land/ lease land. Specify cropped area (To be supported by relevant documents) Quantity of treated effluent reused/ recycled Provide a location map of disposal arrangement	18 – WILL BE USED FOR DUST SUPPRESSION AND PLANTATION
	vi.	indicating the outlet(s) for Sampling	
25.	a.	Quality of untreated/treated effluents (Specify pH and concentration of SS, BOD COD and specific pollutants relevant to the industry, TDS to be reported for disposal on land of into stream/river)	PARA UN- TREATED  METERS TREATED  Ph 6.0 - 8.0 7.5 - 8.0  SS 50 - 100 30 - 35  BOD 80 - 90 20 - 30  COD 200 - 300 200 - 250  O&G 60 - 70 <10
	b.	Enclose a copy of the latest report of analysis from the laboratory approved by State floard/Committee/Central Board/Central Government in the Ministry of Environment & Forests. For proposed unit furnish expected characteristics of the untreated / treated effluent.	N.A.
		Part C Air Emission Aspects	NOT APPLICABLE CINCE ASSUMPTION
26.	a. b. c.	Fuel consumption: Fuel consumption (TPD) Calorific value K.cal Ash content %	NOT APPLICABLE SINCE MAHADISTCO POWER WILL BE USED
	d.	Sulphur content %	
	e.	Other (specify)	

27.	Α	Details of stack :	NOT APPLICABLE
-7.		(Process & fuel stacks, DG set)	
	a.	Stack number(s)	
	b.	Attached to	
	c.	Capacity	
	d.	Fuel type	
	e.	Fuel quantity (kg/hr)	
	f.	Material of construction	
	g.	Shape (round/rectangular)	
	h.	Height (above ground level)	
	i.	Diameter/size, in meters	
	j.	Gas quantity, Nm <sup>3</sup> /hr.	
	k.	Gas temperature, °C(k)	
	l.	Exit gas velocity, m/sec.	
	m.	Control equipment preceding the stack	
	n.	Nature of pollutants likely to present in the stack	
		gases such as CO <sub>2</sub> , NOx, SO <sub>2</sub> , TPM etc.	
	0.	Emissions control system provided	
	p.	In case of DG set power generation capacity in KVA.	
		(Attach specifications including residue management	
		systems of each of the control equipment indicating	
		inlet/ outlet concentrations of relevant pollutants)	
27.	В.	Wheather any release of odoriferous compounds	NO
		such as Marcaptans, Phorate etc. Are coming out	
		from ant storages or process house.	
28.		Do you have adequate facility for collection of	N.A.
		samples of emissions in the form of port holes,	
		platform, ladder etc. as per Central Board Publication	
		"Emission Regulations Part-III" (December 1985)	
29		Quality of treated flue gas emissions and process	CRITERIA POLLUTANTS - PM
		emissions.	
		(Specify concentration of criteria pollutants and	
		industry/process-specific pollutants stack-wise.	
		Enclose a copy of the latest report of analysis from	
		the approved laboratory by State Board/Central	
		Board/ Central Government in the Ministry of	
		Environment and Forests. For proposed units furnish	
		the expected characteristics of the emission	

		Part D : Hazardous Waste Aspects		Method of						
30		Information about Hazardous Waste Management as defined in the Hazardous Waste (Management and handling) Rules, 1989, as amended in January 2000. Type/ category of waste as per  Schedule –I Schedule –II Qty. Cat. No. Type Class Type Kg/day  NOT APPLICABLE	Colle- ction	Rece- ption	Stor- age	Trans- port	Treat- ment	Dis- posal		
		Please refer copy of schedule-I & II attached								
31	i. ii. iii. iv.	Details about use of hazardous waste  Name of hazardous waste/spent chemical Quantity used/month Party from whom purchased Party to whom sold	ame of hazardous waste/spent chemical uantity used/month arty from whom purchased							
32	a. b.	Details about technical capability and equavailable with the applicant to handle has Waste. Characteristics of the hazardous waste(s). Speconcentration of relevant pollutants. Enclose of the latest report of analysis from the labor approved by State Board/Central Board/Cent Government in the Ministry of Environment a Forests). For proposed units furnish expected characteristics		PPLICAE	BLE					
33		Copy of format of manifest/record keeping by the applicant.	practised	NOT A	NOT APPLICABLE					
34		Details of self monitoring (source and environment system)			PPLICAE	BLE				
35		Are you using any imported hazardous was give details.	NOT A	PPLICAE	BLE					
36		Copy of actual user Registration/certificate from Ministry of Environment & Forest, Govt for use of hazardous waste.	NOT APPLICABLE							
37		Present treatment of hazardous waste, if a type and capacity of treatment units)	any (give	NOI A	PPLICAE	SLE				

38		Quantity of hazardous waste disposed	NOT APPLICABLE
36		Within the factory	NOT APPLICABLE
		Outside the factory (Specify location and enclose	
		copies of agreement)	
		Through sale (Enclose documentary proof and copies	
		of agreement)	
		Outside State/Union Territory, if yes particulars of (i)	
		& (iii) above	
		Other (specify)	
		Part –E: Additional Information	
		Do you have any proposals to upgrade the present	
39	a.	system for treatment and disposal of effluent/	
		emissions and/or hazardous waste	NOT APPLICABLE
		If yes, give the details with time-schedule for the	
		implementation and approximate expenditure to be	
	b.	incurred on it.	NOT APPLICABLE
40		Capital and recurring (O&M) expenditure on	
		various aspects of environment protection such as	
		effluent, emission, hazardous waste, solid waste,	
		tree plantation, monitoring, data acquisition etc.	
		(give figures separately for items implemented/to	
		be implemented).	
41		To which of the pollution control equipment,	NOT APPLICABLE SINCE THIS IS A
		separate meters for recording consumption of	MINING PROJECT
		electric energy are installed?	
42		Which of the pollution control items are	NOT APPLICABLE
		connected to D.G. set (captive power source) to	
		ensue their running in the event of normal power	
		failure?	
43		Nature, quantity and method of disposal of non-	MINERAL REJECTS @ 200 TPD
		hazardous solid waste generated separately from	SOIL @ 72 M <sup>3</sup> /D
		the process of manufacture and waste treatment.	DISPOSAL- LAND FOR DUMP 2.6837 ha
		(Give details of area/capacity available in	
		applicant's land)	
44		Hazardous chemicals – Give details of Chemicals and	NOT APPLICABLE
		quantities handled and stored.	
	i.	Is the unit a Major Accident Hazard Unit as per Mfg.	
		Storage Import Hazards Chemicals Rules?	
	ii.	Is the unit an isolated storage as defined under the	
		MSIHC Rules ?	
	iii.	Indicates status of compliance of Rules 5, 7, 10, 11,	
		12, 13 & 18 of the MSIHC Rules.	
	iv.	Has approval of sites has been obtained from the	
		concerned authority ?	
	٧.	Has the unit prepared an off-site Emergency Plan? Is	
	_	it updated.	
	vi.	Has information on imports of chemicals been	
		provided to the concerned authority?	
	vii.	Does the unit possess a policy under the PLI Act?	

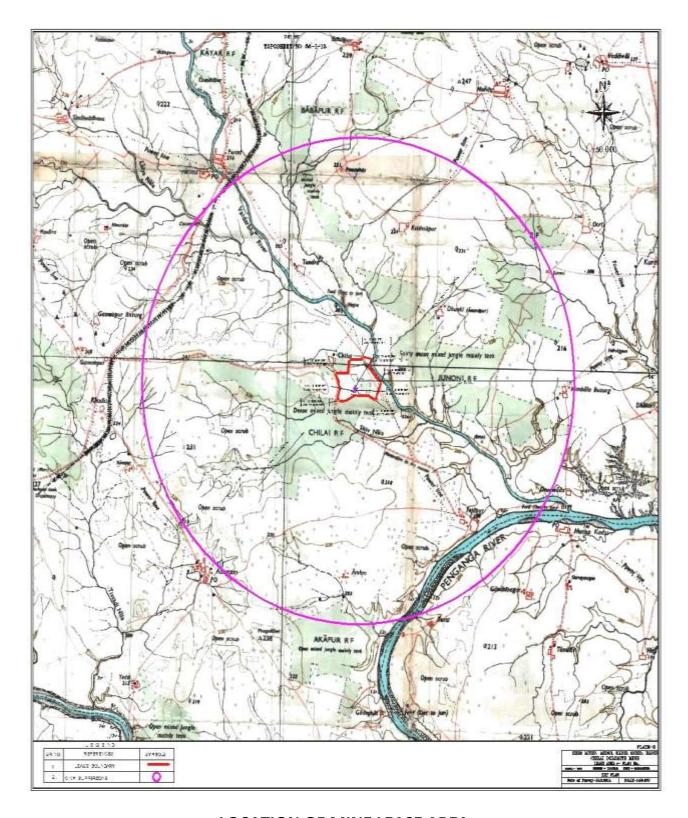
45		Brief details of tree plantation/ green belt	WILL BE CARRIED OUT AS PER MINING					
		development within applicant's premises.	PLAN					
46		Information of schemes for waste minimisation,						
		resource recovery and recycling - implemented and						
		to be implemented, separately.						
47	a.	The applicant shall indicate whether industry comes under Public Hearing. If so the relevant documents such as EIA, EMP, Risk Analysis etc. shall be submitted, if so the relevant documents enclosed shall be indicated accordingly.	YES DOCUMENTS ENCLOSED					
	b.	Any other additional information that the applicant desires to give.	NIL					
	c.	Whether Environmental Statement submitted ? If submitted give date of submission.	NOT APPPLICABLE					
48. kno	48. I/We further declare that the information furnished above is correct to the best of my/our knowledge.							

- 49. I/We hereby submit that in case of any change from what is stated in this application in respect of raw materials, products, process of manufacture and treatment and/or disposal of effluent, emissions, hazardous wastes etc. in quality and quantity; a fresh application for Consent/Authorisation shall be made and until the grant of fresh Consent/Authorisation no change shall be made.
- 50. I/We undertake to furnish any other information within one month of its being called by the Board/ Committee.

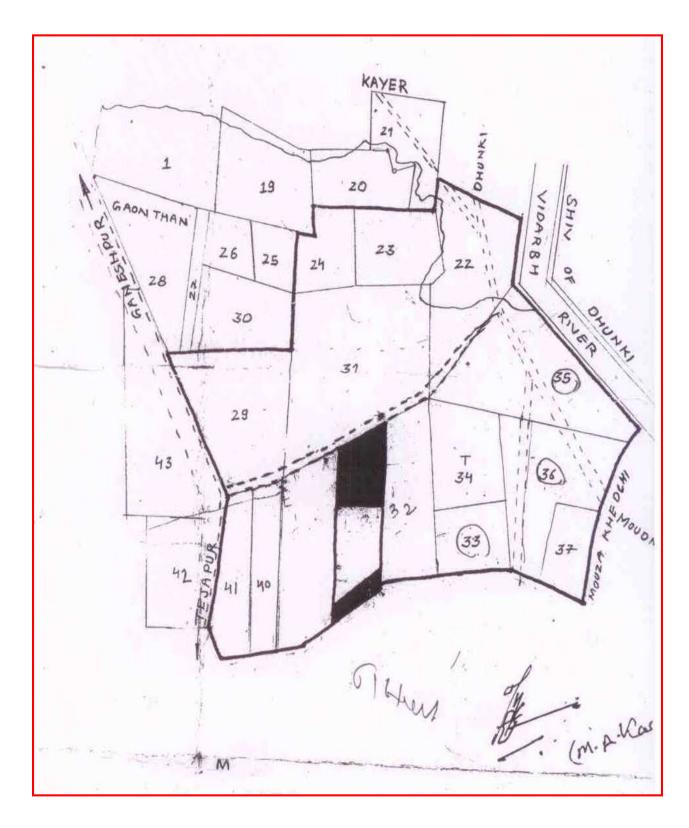
51.	I/V	Ve encl	ose	herewith a D	Demand Draft	for Rs			(Ru	pee	s		)
drawn	in	favour	of		Maharashtra	Pollution	Control	Board/	Committee	as	the	fee	for
consen	t/aı	uthorisa	tion	for a period	upto.								

<b>T</b> 7	C 1.1 C 11	
Yours	faithfully	

Signature
Name
Designation



**LOCATION OF MINE LEASE AREA** 



**CADASTRAL MAP** 

# गट ग्राम पंचायत कार्यालय, चिलई (आ.)

पंचायत समिती, वणी- ४४५ ३०४ जि.यवतमाळ

दामीदर सदाशिव झाडे सरपंच हरिखंद्र जनार्दन कीवे उपसरपंच

के. जी. आतराम

(Gaio 21.819

जा.क.

#### नाहरकत प्रमाणपत्र

मौजा ग्राम पंचायत कार्यालय चिलई (आ.) यांचे कडुन नाहरकत प्रमाणपत्र देण्यात येते की, मोहम्मद मीनरल चिलई यांचे ग्रा. प. कार्यालयाला प्राप्त अर्ज व कागदपत्रा नुसार मासीक सभा दि. २४/३/२००७ ला विषयक्रमांक -७ अन्वये

तसेच ग्राम सभा दिनांक २८/३/२००७ विषय क्र. १ अन्वये ग्राम पंचायत सदस्य ठराव मंजुरीने तसेच ग्राम सभा उपस्थित समस्थ ग्रामस्थांच्या ठरावानुसार बहुमताने मंजुरात दिली.

करिता ठराव पारीत करण्यात आला. यावरुन मोहम्मद मिनरल चिलई यास गट क्र. ३२/४ मध्ये चुना भट्टा, क्रेशर आणि पलवराईझर सुरु करण्याकरीता नाहरकत प्रमाणपत्र देण्यात येत आहे.

करिता खालील दिलेल्या मासीक सभा व ग्राम सभा यांनी दिलेल्या अटीस अधिन राहुन नाहरकत प्रमाणपत्र देण्यात येत आहे.

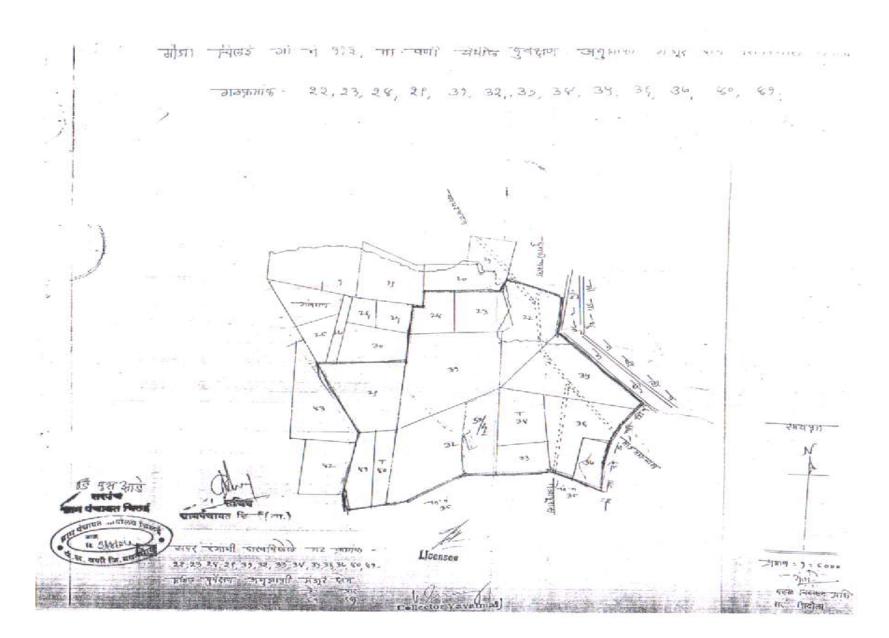
ग्रा. प. कार्यालय व ग्रामस्थांच्या अटी खालील प्रमाणे-

- १. ७/१ ची मुळ प्रत, सदर्हु गट क्र. ३२/४ चे अकृशक आदेश, प्रदुषण बोर्ड विभाग अमरावती पर्यावरण समतोल बाबतचे प्रमाण पत्र सदर अर्जदाराने कागदपत्राची पुर्तता न केल्यास दिलेले नाहरकत प्रमाणपत्र ग्राह्य धरता येणार नाही.
- शासिकय कामात कोणत्याही पध्दतीची तांत्रीक अडचण आल्यास आपणास दिलेले नाहरकत प्रमाणपत्र रह ठरेल.
- नगर रचना मंजुर नकाशा भुमी अभिलेख यांचा सादर करावा.
- ४. स्थानीक बेरोजगार यांना प्रथम प्राधान्य दयावे.
- प्रत्येक वित्तीय वर्षाला कारखान्याचा वेलफेअर फेड ग्राम पंचायत कंक्षेत खर्च करावा, विकास कामे करावी.
- प्रत्येक वित्तीय वर्षाला शासणाच्या निकशाप्रमाणे ग्रा. प. कार्यालयाने लावलेल्या कर देणे बंदन कारक राहील.
- कारखान्यांच्या परिसरात संबंधीत शेतकऱ्यांच्या शेतीच्या विकास नुकसान झाल्यास संबंधीत कारखानदार जबाबदार राहील.
- कारखाऱ्याच्या क्षेत्रात कत्तलखाना करतील कमीत कमी क्षमतेचे ब्लॉस्टींग करावे व संध्याकाळ ला ७ ते ९ च्या दरम्यान करावे.

वरील कोणत्याही पध्दतीची अटीची पुर्तता न केल्यास चुना भट्टा, क्रेशर, पलवराईजर चे मंहमद मिनरल चिलई यांना दिलेले नाहरकत प्रमाणपत्र रद्द करण्यात येईल. यांचे अधिकार ग्रा. प. ला राहील.

> हि हुन्। द्वाउ सरपंच बामपंचायत चिल्ड

पायपंचायत चिलई(काः)



## सभेच्या कामकाजाच्या पंचायत समिती

दरमहा होणारी सभा / खास सभा / तहकुच सभा

ग्रामपंचायत

न्तिमई (छा)

्ष्रः (पहा मुंबई ग्रामपंचायत)

२) सभेची नोटीस

वृत्तांताची पुस्तीका सन

जिल्हा परिषद :- युवलमाळे (समावाबत) नियम १९५९

काढण्याचा दिनांक ८० ३ । ०० ३) सभेचा क्रमांक लोकप्रतिनिधी / निमंत्रीत / अधिकारी / इतर



			स्चक	व	प्रसायातील धर्चेत	प्रस्ताबाबरील मतवान		क्षन	प्रस्ताबावरील निकाल		हराब इत्मांक च हराना	
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# GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA

By Registered Post

No.MMN-2099/7707/Desk-4. Trade, Commerce and Mining Department. Mantralaya, Mumbai - 32.

> Dated the: 8.1.2001

From:

The Secretary,

Trade, Commerce & Mining Department, Mantralaya, Mumbai - 400 032.

To.

Shri Mohd. Abdul Kadir Mohd. Hanif, Station Road, Word No. 3, Tah, Wani, Dist. Yavatmal.

Subject: Grant of Mining lease for Dolomite over an area

of 61.91 Hectares in Village Chilie, Tahsil Wani,

Dist. Yavatmal.

Sir.

With reference to your application, dated this 6,5 97, on the subject mentioned above, I am to enclose herewith Gdyegmment order of even number, dated the 8.1.2001 for your information. You are now requested to submit the mining plan within six months and then coptoach to the District mining Officer, Collectorate, Yavatmal for execution of the lease." I am to add that you should also execute mining lease within a period of six months from the date of the enclosed Government order after making due payment of G.R. (Geological Report) charges to the Director, Geology & Mining. Napgur, as per Government Resolution No. PLS-1020/7813/Desk-IV, Dated 29.1.2000.

The mining lease should be executed in the model form of mining lease appended to the Mineral Concession Rules, 1960 with appropriate modifications, but without clause 3 in part VIII therein relating to renewal.

Yours faithfully,

(J. P. DANGE)

Secretary to Government.

Copy with the copy of the Government Order of even number, dated the 8.1.2001 forwarded to the :



महाराष्ट्र MAHARASHTRA

ST. ST.

KX 804275

0 2 DEC 2014

Stamp Head Clerk / Sr. Clerk

TO WHOMSOVER IT MAY CONCERN

This affidavit is made on this date of 5th Dec., 2014 with regard to proposed, likely and estimated capital investment in a project entitled Chilai dolomite mining project at Village Chilai, Tehsil Wani, Dist. Yavatmal by M/s Mohd. Abdul Kadir M. Hanif, Prop. M/s Mohammadi Minerals.

Estimated investment on land, building, plant & machinery will be as follows;

1. Land

- Rs. 714.36 lakhs
- 2. Plant & Machinery
- Rs. 1023.60 Lakhs
- Building Construction
   Infrastructure, railway side
- Rs. 687.28 Lakhs
- Infrastructure, railway siding etc.

TOTAL

Rs. 2425,24 Lakhs

==============

Above referred estimated figures are based on the approved mining scheme.

M/S MOHD, ABDUL KADIR MOMD, HANIF

AUTHORISED SIGNATORY YOGESH KUMAR SHARMA

Date: 05.12.2014



#### PROPOSED METHOD OF MINING

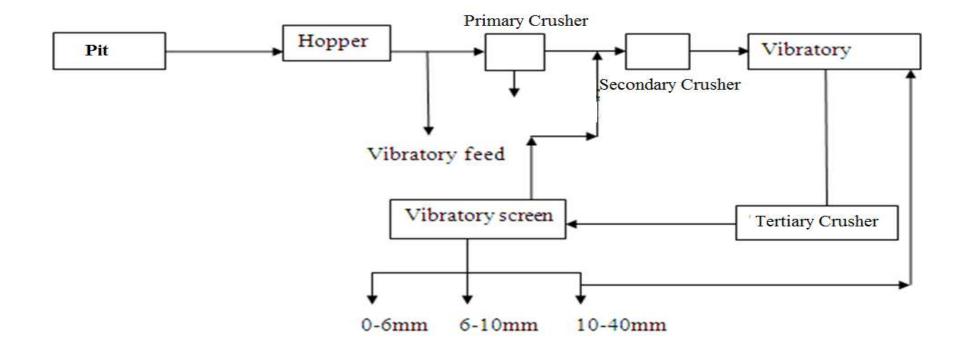
The mining operations will be carried out with A- category fully mechanized in two shift operations. First soil will be removed manually or sometimes with the aid of machinery wherever feasible. HEMM will be deployed. Dolomite being hard, it will blasted, drilling drill holes by Wagon drill i.e. 100 mm to a depth of 6 m with spacing 3.0 m and burden 2.5 m in dolomite bed. The orientation of benches will be along strike direction advancing towards hanging wall side. The holes will be charges with explosive slurry based cartridges 83 mm dia. Weighing each and cartridge 2.78 kg with electric detonators and detonating fuse or Nonel and electric detonators. Each hole will be charged with six cartridges. Yield per hole will be about 45 m3 or 112.5t ROM. Powder factor will be about 6.74t per kg of explosive. At a time about 1 to 20 holes in a single row will be blasted. In the process of category A-fully mechanized mining, bench height in dolomite will be kept to 6 m with width of each bench to be maintained not less than the height of the bench that is 6 m with slope of each bench to 45° to the horizontal. Overall slope of hanging wall and foot wall will be maintained 45°. A garland drill of 1 m x 1 m will be provided at top bench in hanging wall side. Roads will be maintained in good condition and gradient as per rules. No boulders or trees will be kept within 3 m from the edge of the top bench. All safety precautions will be followed to ensure safe The blasted muck will be loaded into 25t dumpers and transported to temporary storage yard, wherein sorting of graded material will be done. The reject generated will be stacked separately

and graded dolomite to a stack yard. The maximum depth of pit will be 34 m from surface. There is no sub-grade or reject dolomite stacks. The pits dimensions at the end of ensuring scheme period will as follows:

AREA AT THE END OF ENSUING SCHEME

Mineral	Area in m²	Max. depth in m.
Dolomite	1,2,791.07	36

The open cast mining with category A FM of dolomite will be continued as shown in production and development plates No. 6 & 6A. The height of benches in dolomite bed will be kept to 6 m with width of each bench to be maintained not less than the height of the bench that is 6 m with slope of each bench to 45° to the horizontal. The width of working benches would be kept to about five times the dumper's width i.e. about 15 m. Overall slope of hanging wall and foot wall would be maintained at 45°. During the year 2015-16 to 2019-20, the benches would be of pit bottom will be 178 m. Contiguous area will be mined in each year. During the SOM period, length of face will range from 329.78 m to 405.86 m. Haul roads with proper gradient will be formed. Mining machineries such a dumpers of 25t capacity for hauling dolomite and waste, wagon drill to drill 100 mm dia. blast holes will be Loading will be done by loader. Compressor with Jack engaged. Hammer will also be used for secondary blasting. The dolomite brought to stack yard will be sorted out according to size and grade. Reject/OB will be dumped to its designated site. Part of dolomite will be directly fed to crusher for making different sizes as per customer need.



Sr. No. /gsda/Ytl/Tech/523/2014 'Office of the Senior Geologist

G.S.D.A. Yavatmal

Date: 25/07/2014

To.

Mohd. Abdul Kadir Mohd. Hanif

(M/s Mohammadi Minerals )

Near Aman Manzil

Ward No. 03, Station Road, Wani

Tq. Wani Dist. Yavatmal. (M.S.)

Sub: Permission for granting utilization of water for Drinking 50m3 Per Day in Chilai Dolomite Mine site.

Ref: Your letter No. MM/LET / 2014-15 Dated 17 July 2014.

With reference with the above letter, the hydrogeological survey work carried out in village Chilai. Taluk Wani yashtmal district on the given site of your map. The area falls under Toposheet No. 56I/13 and Watershed No. PGV-2 having limestone /dolomite rock formation

On the basis of hydrogeological Survey the area is feasible for Borewell. Hence the 150mm diameter and 60mt depth Borewell is recommended on your mining lease area you are therefore permitted to utilize 50cbm/day through bore well the drinking water for miners

The site is shown to your office representative Mr. N. Venkateshwarlu ( Sr. Manager Geology) and Mr. Yogesh Kr. Sharma at the time of Survey.

Senior Geologist

Grawound water Survey's &Dev., Agency

Yavatmal (M.S.)



## WATER BUDGET

Use	Source	Quantity,	Consumption,	Wastewater,	Use, m <sup>3</sup>
		$m^3$	$m^3$	$m^3$	
Dust control	Mine pit	40	40	Nil	
Workshop	Mine pit	20	5	15	Plantation
Plantation	Mine pit	30	30	Nil	
Domestic	Bore	10	2	8	Septic tank
	well				followed
					by sock pit
Total		100	77	23	

#### WASTEWATER TREATMENT – WORK SHOP

It is proposed to provide toilet blocks at work shop, blaster's shed and canteen. They will comprise of 2-pit latrines with soil at bottom to facilitate decomposition of organic matter. Pits will be used alternately and digested sludge + soil will be used as manure.

Work shop effluent will have following characteristics

pH : 6-8

O&G : 60-70mg/L

COD : 200-300 mg/L

 $BOD_{3,27}$  : 80-90 mg/L

S.S. : 50-100 mg/L- mostly o & g emulsion

It will be treated and treatment flow sheet is given below:

